

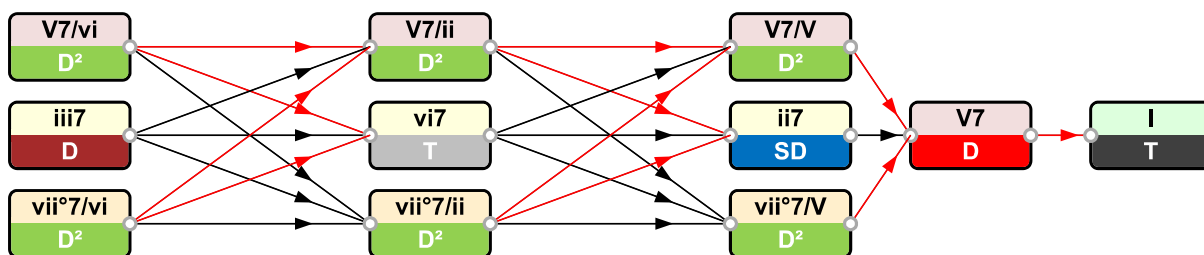
Advanced Secondary Functions

Dr. B Music Theory

VIDEO LINK

Sequences

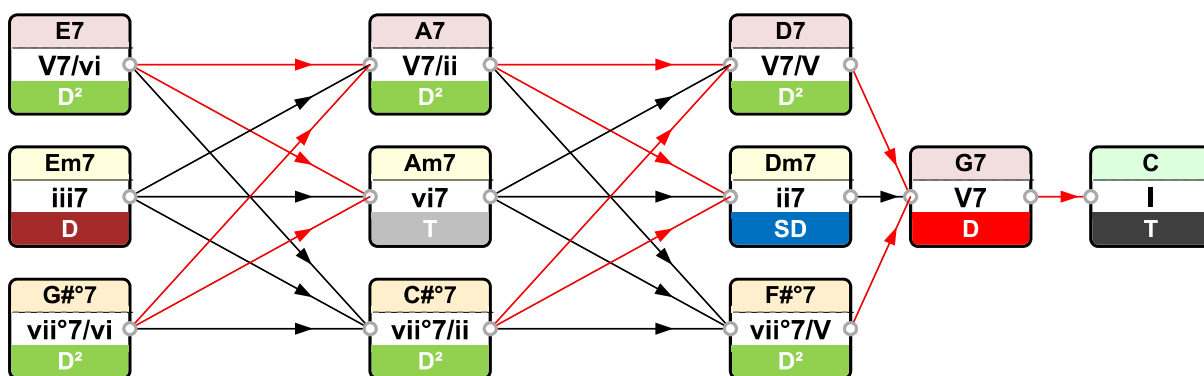
With the circle of 5th progression, you may substitute any secondary functions for any diatonic chords.



Generic harmonic progression for major key.

Select major tonality:

Cb	Gb	Db	Ab	Eb	Bb	F	C	G	D	A	E	B	F#	C#
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Harmonic progression in selected key.

Let's choose these chords:

Em7	A7	F#°7	G7	C
iii7	V7/ii	vii°7/V	V7	I
D	D²	D²	D	T

Em7 A7 F#°7 G7 C
iii7 V7/ii vii°7/V V7 I

Musical notation for the chosen chord sequence in C major. The notation shows the chords Em7, A7, F#°7, G7, and C in both treble and bass staves. Red and yellow arrows indicate voice leading between the chords, showing how the notes move from one chord to the next.

Let's try with another choices:

E⁷	C[♯]°⁷	D⁷	G⁷	C
V⁷/vi	vii^{°7}/ii	V⁷/V	V⁷	I
D²	D²	D²	D	T

E⁷ C[♯]°⁷ D⁷ G⁷ C
V⁷/vi vii^{°7}/ii V⁷/V V⁷ I

Enharmonic Spelling

Gm/Bb	Bb°⁷	F/C	C
ii₅⁶	vii^{°7}/V	I₄⁶	V
SD	D²	D	D

Gm7/Bb B°⁷ F/C C
ii₅⁶ vii^{°7}/V I₄⁶ V

Deceptive Resolutions and Other Secondary Functions

We have:

- Secondary dominant function.
- Secondary leading-tone function.

Secondary submediant

We expect V7/vi to resolve on vi. In key of C, E7 is expected to go in Am.

In key of C, **V7/vi** - **vi** is E7 -> Am.

In key of Am, we can use the deceptive resolution **V** - **VI** that is E7 -> F and use it back in key of C.

Let's analyse this sequence:

F	E°/G	G#°7	A7	Bb	G#°7/B	F/C	C7	F
F: I	vii°6	vii°7/III	V7/vi	VI	vii°7/iii	I64	V7	I
I	vii°6	vii°7/V	V7	IV	vii°7/V	I64	V7	I

in key of vi